

Approved
at the Annual General Meeting of
Shareholders
of June 19, 2024**JOINT STOCK COMPANY
“LATVIJAS GAZE”****Articles of Association**

Riga,

SECTION I**COMPANY NAME**

- 1.1. The company name is the joint stock company “*Latvijas Gaze*” (hereinafter referred to as Company), which is a capital company of the Republic of Latvia, formed in the process of privatization of the state joint stock company “*Latvijas Gaze*” (being transformed into a state joint stock company from a state firm based on the Cabinet of Ministers of the Republic of Latvia Decree No. 175r of December 30, 1993) in accordance with the Law “On Privatization of the State and Municipal Property” and the Law “On Reorganization of State and Municipal Enterprises into Corporations”.

The joint stock company “*Latvijas Gaze*” is the legal successor of the state joint stock company “*Latvijas Gaze*”.

- 1.2. The Shareholders of the Company are individuals and legal entities, which have acquired shares of the Company (hereinafter - Shareholders).

SECTION II**LEGAL STATUS, RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF THE COMPANY**

- 2.1. The Company is incorporated and shall operate in accordance with the legal acts (hereinafter - Law), including The Commercial Law, Group of Companies Law, Financial Instrument Market

Law and Energy Law, the present Articles of Association, the resolutions of the Company's shareholders' meeting (hereinafter - Shareholders' Meeting) and the Company's supervisory council (hereinafter - Supervisory Council).

- 2.2. The Company is a legal entity and has its own individual balance sheet.
- 2.3. The Company has a corporate seal and trade mark(s), bank accounts and such other legal requisites as may be required.
- 2.4. The Company has full civil capacity to act and legal capacity, including the right to act on its own behalf and on behalf of third parties, if duly authorized, to enter agreements and transactions with any legal entity and individual, to acquire and alienate the property and to obtain rights and to undertake obligations, to act as a claimant or defendant in court, arbitration courts and State authorities.
- 2.5. The Company is entitled to undertake any export and import activities necessary for its business.
- 2.6. The Company is entitled to establish enterprises, open representative offices and branches in Latvia and abroad, take part in joint ventures and strategic alliances with other companies, to incorporate foreign companies or obtain shareholding in Latvian or foreign companies, as well as buy and sell securities of other companies. The Company shall be liable with all its property for the obligations of its branches and representative offices, which are not independent legal entities.
- 2.7. The Company is entitled to possess, use, manage and dispose of its assets in accordance with its business objectives, laws of the Republic of Latvia and laws of the site of the assets and other legal enactments.
- 2.8. The Company shall be liable for its own obligations with all its property.
- 2.9. The Company shall not be liable for the obligations of its Shareholders and obligations of the State; the Shareholders and the State shall not be liable for the obligations of the Company, unless otherwise provided by the Law.
- 2.10. The official languages of the Company are Latvian, English and Russian. The working language of the Company is Latvian; the books and other documents of the Company shall be kept in Latvian.

SECTION III

TYPES OF COMMERCIAL ACTIVITY

- 3.1. The objective of the Company is to ensure adequate supply of gas and energy, as well as promote the development and modernization of the Latvian gas and service industries.
- 3.2. The principal lines of activity of the Company according to the General Classification of Economic Activities (NACE, 2nd ed.) shall be as follows:
 - 1) Manufacture of gas (35.21) and Trade of gas through mains (35.23), including acquisition and trade (wholesale and retail trade) of natural gas;
 - 2) Other retail sale in specialized shops (47.78), other retail sale outside shops (47.99), including sale of liquefied gas with transportation;
 - 3) Retail trade of automotive fuel in fuel filling stations (47.30), including retail sale of natural gas as automotive fuel;
 - 4) Wholesale trade of solid, liquefied and gaseous fuel and similar products (46.71),

including wholesale of natural gas and wholesale trade of natural gas as automotive fuel;

- 5) Pipeline transportation (49.50), including import and export of natural gas;
 - 6) Storage and warehousing (52.10);
 - 7) Engineering activities and related technical consultancy (71.12), including all outer and inner gas main engineering, supervision and management of construction;
 - 8) Development of construction design (41.1), construction of residential and non-residential buildings (41.2) and engineering-technical works (42.), including construction and assembly works on gas mains;
 - 9) Installation of plumbing, heating and acclimatization techniques (43.22), as well as elsewhere not classified construction works (43.99);
 - 10) Installation of other engineering systems (43.29);
 - 11) Production of electricity (35.11), supply of electricity (35.12) and distribution of electricity (35.13), and sales of electricity (35.14);
 - 12) Other human health activities (86.90);
 - 13) Freight transport by road (49.41);
 - 14) Elsewhere not classified land passenger transport (49.39);
 - 15) Steam supply and air-conditioning (35.30);
 - 16) Elsewhere not classified education (85.59)
- 3.3. The Company is entitled to undertake other activities necessary for fulfilment of the main objectives of the Company.
- 3.4. The Company is entitled to manufacture, develop, acquire and sell, import and export products and render services, master, develop and use any kind of technology and know-how which is relevant for the operation and activities of the Company, sell such products and services in Latvia and abroad, as well as perform any other commercial activity, performance of which is not prohibited by the Law.
- 3.5. Activities performance of which is subject to a special permission (license), shall be commenced only after receipt of such license(s) pursuant to the procedure specified by the Law.

SECTION IV

THE CAPITAL OF THE COMPANY

- 4.1. The fixed capital of the Company is EUR 55 860 000 (fifty-five million eight hundred sixty-six thousand Euros). The fixed capital of the Company is formed by 39 900 000 (thirty-nine million nine hundred thousand) shares. The par value per one share is EUR 1.40 (one Euro and forty cents).
- 4.2. All 39 900 000 (thirty-nine million nine hundred thousand) shares of the Company grant their owners equal rights, namely: rights to receive dividends and liquidation quotas, as well as voting rights at the Meeting of Shareholders.
- 4.3. Out of all 39 900 000 (thirty-nine million nine hundred thousand) shares of the Company, 25 328 520 (twenty-five million three hundred and twenty-eight thousand five hundred and twenty) shares of the Company are listed on the regulated market and 14 571 480 (fourteen million five hundred and seventy-one thousand four hundred and eighty) shares of the Company are not listed on the regulated market.

- 4.4. All shares of the Company are dematerialised shares.
- 4.5. The fixed capital of the Company can be increased or decreased under a resolution of the Meeting of Shareholders, which approves regulations for an increase or decrease of the fixed capital and makes amendments to the Articles of Association.
- 4.6. Money and securities, property and intellectual property invested by the Shareholders form the property of the Company.

SECTION V

SECURITIES OF THE COMPANY

- 5.1. The Company may issue shares and convertible bonds.
- 5.2. The Meeting of Shareholders determines the volume, timing, conditions and other issues related to the issue of Company's shares. The Meeting of Shareholders approves the rules and prospectus of such issue. The issue and distribution of the shares is carried out by the Board in accordance with the procedures set forth by the Meeting of Shareholders.
- 5.3. In respect of the securities of the Company being on public sale, the Board shall comply with the duties and obligations of an issuer prescribed by the Law "On the Market of Financial Instruments", except for duties and obligations being in competence of the Meeting of Shareholders or the Council.
- 5.4. The rights arising from a dematerialised share are granted to the person in whose name the financial instrument account was opened where the share is registered under the Financial Instrument Market Law.

SECTION VI

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

- 6.1. The Company's report (financial) year shall start on January 1 and end on December 31.
- 6.2. The Company's annual report shall give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and equity, its financial position and income and expenses for the reporting year.
- 6.3. Immediately, but no later than within 2 (two) months after the end of the operating year the Board shall submit the Company's annual report for audit to an internationally recognized sworn (certified) auditor registered in the Republic of Latvia or a commercial company of sworn (certified) auditors (hereinafter the Auditor).
- 6.4. The audit of the Company's annual report shall also include the audit of the Company in order to make sure that accounting records in the Company comply with the basic principles of accounting and that aforementioned documents give a true and fair view of the Company's financial position.
- 6.5. The Company shall organize its bookkeeping and accounting and keep its records as required by the Law.
- 6.6. The Board shall be responsible for bookkeeping and accounting records.
- 6.7. The dividend and financial policy of the Company shall be based on the following principles:
 - 1) In order to reach a sound financial basis, the Company shall pursue adequate equity/financing ratios. In order to reach these ratios, retained earnings will be established from net profit after tax as long as it will be necessary;
 - 2) The Company will operate in accordance with such basic principles, so that an adequate net profit after tax is achieved;

- 3) The distribution of an adequate dividend to the Shareholders will be carried out each fiscal year, while determination and payment of interim dividends (within the meaning given to this term under the Latvian Commercial Law) shall be made no earlier than 3 months after last decision of the Meeting of Shareholders for distribution of dividends.
 - 4) The distribution of dividends will only be paid from available cash funds of the Company.
- 6.8. All the annual net profit of the Company after mandatory payments into the State budget in accordance with the Law, payments into the funds of the Company and other payments determined by the Meeting of Shareholders is distributed among the Shareholders in proportion to their shareholding in the fixed capital of the Company.
- 6.9. The property of the Company shall be insured with a Latvian or foreign insurance company. The insurance coverage and form of insurance shall be determined by the Board.
- 6.10. The Company determines, calculates and makes payment of interim dividends in accordance with provisions of the Commercial Law.
- 6.11. Subject to demonstration of a profit in the Company's financial statement covering a period of at least 3 months after last financial accounting period, and subject to discretion of the Board in there being a financial or economic basis for payment of interim dividends, the Board is authorised to convene an extraordinary Meeting of Shareholders, in accordance with provisions of this Articles of Association, regarding decision for determination of interim dividends.

SECTION VII

MANAGEMENT OF THE COMPANY

- 7.1. The management institutions of the Company shall be the Meeting of Shareholders, the Council and the Board.
- 7.2. The Meeting of Shareholders shall be the superior management institution of the Company.
- 7.3. Only the Meeting of Shareholders shall be entitled to decide on:
- 1) The annual report of the Company;
 - 2) Distribution of the profit of the previous operating year;
 - 3) Appointment and dismissal of the members of the Council, auditors, Company's controllers and liquidators;
 - 4) Bringing of claims against members of the Board and the Council and the auditor, or dismissal of claims against them, as well as appointment of a representative of the Company for upholding the claim against the members of the Council;
 - 5) Making amendments to the Articles of Association of the Company;
 - 6) Increase or decrease of the fixed capital of the Company;
 - 7) Termination or continuation of the activities of the Company or reorganization of the Company;
 - 8) Issue and conversion of the securities of the Company;
 - 9) Determination of remuneration for members of the Council and the auditors;
 - 10) Other issues if directly envisaged by the Law.
- 7.4. The regular Meetings of Shareholders shall be every year convened by the Board. When convening a regular Meeting of Shareholders, the Board shall take into account the period

prescribed in the Law for approval of annual reports.

- 7.5. The Board shall notify Shareholders on convening of the Meeting of Shareholders at least 21 days before the scheduled Meeting of Shareholders, with the notice providing the information stipulated in the Commercial Law.
- 7.6. The extraordinary Meeting of Shareholders shall be convened by the Board on its own initiative or if requested by the Council, auditor or Shareholders representing together at least 5% (five per cent) of the Company's fixed capital, by indicating the reasons and agenda of the extraordinary Meeting of Shareholders. The Board shall call the extraordinary Meeting of Shareholders not later than within 2 (two) weeks after receipts of the respective request.
- 7.7. The Meeting of Shareholders has the quorum if at least one half of the paid-up fixed capital is represented at the Meeting.

If the Meeting of Shareholders convened pursuant to the procedure stipulated by law is not valid because of the lack of quorum, then a repeated meeting with the same agenda shall be convened within one month and it shall be valid regardless of the number of votes represented. The notice of a repeated meeting shall be sent at least 14 days before the scheduled meeting.

- 7.8. The Meeting of Shareholders shall adopt resolutions by majority vote of the present Shareholders with voting rights, unless a greater number of shares is prescribed by law or the Articles of Association. The Meeting of Shareholders may decide that all the issues or specific issues on the agenda shall be decided by secret ballot.
- 7.9. The following issues may be decided by the Meeting of Shareholders only if at least three fourths ($\frac{3}{4}$) of the paid-up fixed capital of the Company are represented and the resolutions of the Meeting of Shareholders on those issues are adopted if voted for by Shareholders with 85% (eighty-five per cent) of the total number of shares with voting rights represented at the Meeting of Shareholders:
 - 1) Making of amendments to the Company's Articles of Association;
 - 2) Increase of the fixed capital of the Company;
 - 3) Decrease of the fixed capital of the Company'
 - 4) Liquidation or reorganization of the Company;
 - 5) Issue of new types and/or categories of shares of the Company;
 - 6) Public issue of the Company's shares or issue of the Company's bonds;
 - 7) Merger of the Company or acquisition of the Company by another company.
- 7.10. Minutes of the Meeting of Shareholders shall be kept. Minutes shall be signed by the chairman of the Meeting of Shareholders and at least one Shareholder elected by the Meeting of Shareholders, as well as by the secretary of the meeting.
- 7.11. The Council is a supervisory body of the Company, which represents interests of the Shareholders between Meetings of Shareholders and performs supervision of activities of the Board within the limits provided by the Law and these Articles of Association. The Council shall operate in accordance with its approved regulation.
- 7.12. The Council shall be represented by 11 (eleven) Council members.
- 7.13. The Council shall be elected by the Meeting of Shareholders for the term of three years.

A Shareholder or a group of Shareholders are entitled to nominate their candidates for election to the Council on the basis of a calculation such that, upon dividing the capital with voting rights represented by a Shareholder or a group of Shareholders by the number of candidates to be nominated, each candidate shall have not less than five per cent of the capital with voting rights represented at the Meeting of Shareholders. Each of such nominated candidates shall be

included in the Council members voting list.

Voting shall take place in one ballot on all Council member candidates included in the list, with all shareholders voting simultaneously. A Shareholder may cast all his/her votes for one or multiple Council member candidates included in the list in any proportion in whole numbers.

The persons who have received the most votes shall be deemed elected to the Council, subject to the maximum number of Council members set out in the Articles of Association. If two or more Council member candidates have received an equal number of votes and therefore it cannot be determined which of them is to be deemed elected, the issue shall be decided by a vote of the Meeting of Shareholders on each of those candidates and the candidate who receives the most votes in the repeated ballot shall be deemed elected.

If a member of the Council leaves his/her post or is dismissed from his/her post before the expiry of the Council mandate, then new elections are held during which the whole composition of the Council is re-elected.

- 7.14. The Chairman of the Council and 2 (two) Vice-Chairmen shall be elected by simple majority of votes of the Council from amongst themselves.
- 7.15. Assignments of the Council shall be as follows:
- 1) Elect and recall the members of the Board, regular supervision of activity of the Board, specifying remuneration for members of the Board;
 - 2) Supervise that the operations of the Company are performed in accordance with the Laws, the Articles of Association and resolutions of the Council of the Company;
 - 3) Consider the annual report of the Company and give recommendations to the Board on distribution of the profit and preparation of its statement;
 - 4) Represent the Company's interests in the court regarding all claims brought by the Company against the members of the Board, including all claims brought by the members of the Board against the Company and representation of the Company in other court relations with the members of the Board;
 - 5) Approve the deals to be closed between the Company and a member of the Board or the auditor;
 - 6) Preliminary consider all issues included in the agenda that are in the competence of the Meeting of Shareholders or proposed for discussion in the Meeting of Shareholders at the request of the members of the Board or the Council and submission of conclusions on these issues.
- 7.16. The Council shall be entitled to form permanent or temporary commissions to consider particular issues and to prepare reports on them.
- 7.17. The Council shall be entitled at any time to demand from the Board a report on the overall position of the Company, structural units of the Company, enterprises, branches and representative offices, to receive full information on their position and transactions entered into, to review budgets, balance sheets and auditors' reports on the Company, its branches, representative offices and enterprises, to review registers and books of the Company, its branches, representative offices and enterprises, to inspect other registers and documents, cash register and securities of the Company. Any two (2) members of the Council together shall be entitled to request such report from the Board to be given to the Council.
- 7.18. Meetings of the Council are convened by the Chairman of the Board as of necessity, but at least once in a quarter. The Board and each member of the Council are entitled to demand calling of an extraordinary meeting by indication on the reason and purpose of the meeting.
- 7.19. The Chairman of the Council shall notify the members of the Council in writing on the meeting at least two (2) weeks ahead. In urgent cases, the Chairman may decide to shorten this period

to one (1) week. Notice on the meeting shall be accompanied by the agenda and draft resolutions. The Council may discuss issues not properly notified only with the consent of all the members of the Council present at the meeting. A resolution on such issues can only be taken if no member of the Council objects to this procedure.

- 7.20. The Supervisory Council is authorised if more than half of the Supervisory Council members participate in the meeting. The Supervisory Council is authorised to resolve the issues specified in Sub-section 18 of Section 7.26 of the Articles of Association if all Supervisory Council members participate in the meeting. Supervisory Council members not present at the meeting may vote on any issue by handing over their written vote to another Supervisory Council member and in such case they shall be deemed present at the resolution of the issue in question. Voting by phone or otherwise is only permitted if the means of communication used enable the Supervisory Council members to simultaneously participate in the discussion and resolution of the issue and if such activity is duly recorded in a document.
- 7.21. The Supervisory Council adopts decisions with the majority of the votes of the members of the Supervisory Council present. Decisions on the issues specified in Sub-section 18 of Section 7.26 of the Articles of Association are adopted if at least 10 (ten) out of 11 (eleven) Supervisory Council members cast vote in favour of adopting the said decisions.
- 7.22. Minutes of the meetings shall be kept. Minutes of the meeting shall be signed by all the members of the Council physically present.
- 7.23. The Board of the Company shall be represented by 5 (five) members. The members of the Board shall be elected by the Council for a term of 3 (three) years.
- 7.24. The members of the Council shall elect the Chairman and two (2) Vice-Chairmen of the Board from amongst the members of the Board.
- 7.25. The Council may recall any member of the Board if there is a serious reason. A serious reason in any case shall be a gross violation of powers, non-fulfilment or improper fulfilment of duties, inability to manage the Company, harming interests of the Company, as well as a vote of no confidence manifested by the Meeting of Shareholders.
- 7.26. The Board supervises and manages all activities of the Company, represents the Company and manages the Company's property in accordance with the Law, these Articles of Association and the resolutions of the Meeting of Shareholders and the Council. The Board decides on all issues, which are not in the competence of the Council or the Meeting of Shareholders.

The Board shall get consent of the Council for adoption of resolutions on the following issues:

- 1) Acquiring shares in other companies, increase or decrease of such shareholding;
- 2) Foundation of the subsidiaries of the Company;
- 3) Purchase and sale of the assets substantial for the operation of the Company;
- 4) Foundation or closure of companies, branches and representative offices, as well as approval of their regulations (Articles of Associations), purchase, sale and lease of Company's property, or suspension of Company's operations;
- 5) Not stipulated in the respective annual budget of the Company:
 - 5.1. Purchase of the real estate at a price over EUR 100 000 (one hundred thousand Euros);
 - 5.2. Purchase of any real estate if the annual purchase amount of real estate exceeds EUR 400 000 (four hundred thousand Euros) of not planned annual budget of the Company;
 - 5.3. Sale of the real estate at a price above EUR 200 000 (two hundred thousand Euros)
 - 5.4. Lease of the real estate at the lease payment, which per year is higher than EUR 100 000 (one hundred thousand Euros)

- 5.5. An encumbering of the real estate;
- 6) Granting guarantees, except for guarantees to be granted to fulfil the measures stipulated in the Company's business plan or the approved budget;
 - 7) Conclusion of deals between the Company and persons related to it (Shareholders, members of the Council or the Board);
 - 8) Closing of transactions, which are not stipulated in the Company's respective annual budget and amount of which exceed EUR 300 000 (three hundred thousand Euros) or the term is longer than 1 (one) year;
 - 9) Entering strategically important long-term agreements on cooperation, as well as conclusion of such cooperation agreements, which require Company's financing, which exceeds the amount stated in the Paragraph 8 of Clause 7.26.;
 - 10) Involving legal advisors, broker companies, advisors, investment consultants or auditor companies to prepare the public issue prospectus of Company's securities;
 - 11) Granting of loans and taking of loans not stipulated in the Company's respective annual budget;
 - 12) Preliminary review of the issue regarding a merger with another company or acquisition by another company;
 - 13) Approval of the Company's business plan;
 - 14) Approval of the annual budget of the Company;
 - 15) Establishment and use of the Company's reserves;
 - 16) Approval of the Regulations of the Board;
 - 17) decisions on other substantial issues.
- 7.27. The Board shall act according to the instruction of the Council and the Regulations of the Board, which after agreement with the Council have been approved by the Board.
- 7.28. Members of the Board may at any time demand from employees of the Company a report on the overall position of the Company, receive full information on the operations and transactions of the Company, its branches, enterprises and representative offices, check the budgets, balance sheets, auditors' reports on the Company and its branches, representative offices and enterprises, check other Company's records and documents.
- 7.29. Meeting of the Board shall be convened at necessity but at least 1 (one) time in a month. Meetings are convened by the Chairman of the Board. The Board is entitled to decide on issues if at least 3 (three) members of the Board are present. Board meetings shall be held in accordance with the procedure stipulated by the Regulations of the Board.
- 7.30. Resolutions shall be adopted by simple majority of votes of the member of the Board.
- 7.31. Minutes of the meetings of the Board shall be kept. Minutes shall be signed by all the members present.
- 7.32. The Board shall submit at least once a quarter to the Council and once a year to the Meeting of Shareholders a written report on its activities and most significant intentions regarding commercial operations and management, financial results of the Company, cash flow, main commercial activities conducted, sale of the goods and services, movement of securities and other activities important for the operation of the Company.
- 7.33. The Chairman of the Board shall manage the activities of the Board and organize everyday management of the Company, including:
- 1) Informing the Council on any significant aspect of the Company's operations'

- 2) Submitting the Company's structure for approval to the Board;
 - 3) Deciding on all operational issues of the Company within his competence;
 - 4) Organizing fulfilment of the resolutions of the Meeting of Shareholders;
 - 5) Performing other functions provided in the Regulations of the Board;
 - 6) Reporting to the Council on transactions closed with the Shareholders and other persons related to the Company;
 - 7) Organizing preparation of the Regulations of the Board and coordination thereof with the Council.
- 7.34. The Chairman of the Board shall represent the Company individually; any other Board member shall represent the Company together with another Board member.

SECTION VIII AUDIT OF THE COMPANY'S OPERATIONS

- 8.1. The financial statements of the Company shall be audited by an independent internationally recognized auditor.
- 8.2. The Meeting of Shareholders each year shall decide on appointment of a specific auditor. Auditors shall audit the activities performed during the reporting year and perform their duties until the next Meeting of Shareholders.
- 8.3. When detecting violations and inaccuracies, auditors shall immediately inform the Board.
- 8.4. Immediately, but no later than 2 (two) months after the end of the reporting year, the Board shall inform the auditors that the Company's annual report has been prepared, the balance sheet closed and the documents are ready for the audit.
- 8.5. The auditors shall draw up an opinion on the results of the audit of Company's operations where they indicate whether the annual report and the auditor's report, as well as the Company's accounting complies with the requirements of the Law, whether the financial statements give a true and fair view of the Company's assets, liabilities and equity and the Company's financial position at the end of the reporting year, as well as income and expenses in the reporting year, and whether the Board has provided all the necessary information, documents and explanations for the annual report audit. The auditors shall inform the Meeting of Shareholders of their auditor's report.
- 8.6. As stipulated by the Financial Instrument Market Law, the Meeting of Shareholders shall elect the Audit Committee for a term of 3 (years). The maximum number of Audit Committee members shall be 4 (four).

SECTION IX PERSONNEL OF THE COMPANY

- 9.1. The Company's personnel shall include the employees employed on the basis of employment contracts.
- 9.2. Remuneration, employment conditions, social insurance and other issues related to the employment in the Company shall be determined by the Board in accordance with the Law and shall be included in the employment contracts, collective agreements and internal regulations of the Company.

SECTION X TERMINATION OF ACTIVITY AND LIQUIDATION OF THE COMPANY

- 10.1. The Company shall terminate its activity:

- 1) By a resolution of the Meeting of Shareholders;
 - 2) By an order of the court;
 - 3) Upon commencement of bankruptcy proceedings;
 - 4) In other cases, stipulated by the Law.
- 10.2. The Company's liquidation according to the Law shall be performed by liquidators elected by the Meeting of Shareholders which shall set forth the procedure and terms of liquidation, as well as the amount and procedure of paying the remuneration to the liquidator.
- 10.3. The resolution on termination of the Company's operation shall be registered by the Board in the Commercial Register within 3 (three) days after adoption of this resolution.
- 10.4. After satisfying the creditors' claims or disbursing the amount due to them and covering of expenses related to liquidation, the liquidator shall prepare the final liquidation financial statement and a plan for distribution of the remaining Company's property where liquidation quota is prescribed.
- 10.5. The remaining property of the Company shall be distributed among the Shareholders in accordance to the plan of property distribution prepared by the liquidator pro rate the share of each Shareholder. The property is allowed to be distributed not earlier than in six months' time after publication of the announcement on termination of the Company's activities and two months after sending to the Shareholders the final liquidation financial statement and a plan for distribution of the remaining Company's property, or publication of the announcement on the possibility to get acquainted with these documents.
- 10.6. Until the Company completely ceases its operations, it shall fulfil the obligations pursuant to the Law and these Articles of Association.

Chairman of the Board
of the Joint Stock Company "Latvijas Gāze"

Aigars Kalvītis

Chairman of the Meeting of Shareholders
of June 19, 2024

Secretary of the Meeting of Shareholders
of June 19, 2024

Shareholder attesting to the correctness of the minutes
of the Meeting of Shareholders of June 19, 2024:

Riga, June 19, 2024